Preface:

What is a human being, from a scientific viewpoint? Of what are we made? Today’s sciences of medicine and biology, which as we noted in Chapter One are the mainstream science in every nation of the world, are unequivocal in their answer: we are physical bodies (“our bodies, ourselves”) composed of physical matter i.e., molecules of proteins, minerals, fats, fiber, and water all put together in a marvelous way that enable us to walk, talk, reason and to have thoughts, feelings, values, ideals and even reflections about ourselves. Science says that our bodies and especially our brains are complex mechanisms, like computers, that produce the entire range of thoughts, feelings, experiences and functions that exist in the human mind and body.

We are all taught this, implicitly and explicitly, from childhood. The non-scientific fields of knowledge and culture, from art to philosophy to religion, do not challenge the authority of science and medicine in their conviction that human beings are essentially physical bodies and brains which follow the laws of physics, chemistry and biology. When questions are raised, such as the old but still unanswered question of how this physical model of the human being can possibly account for the inner freedom of thinking and will which all humans cherish and believe they possess, science might give the coy answer that future research will eventually solve that problem.

The intellectual position of this book, informed and inspired by Steiner’s anthroposophy, is based on the perception that the logic and reason of materialistic modern science, which today guides both personal and political decision-making throughout the world, do not extend far enough into the full reality of life experienced by human beings. This lack of penetration by science into today’s reality is most obvious precisely in medical science, leaving a gap which alternative and complementary medicine attempts to fill.

It’s not that mainstream materialistic medicine is wrong. It is usually right as far as it goes, but it only goes as far as the physical body, and today an increasing number of people are convinced that they are more than just a physical body, and are apt to rebel against a medical outlook that reduces the nobility of the human spirit and the ingenuity of the human mind to physical, cellular “mechanisms.” What the world desperately needs today is a science and a medicine that encompasses the full reality of the human being, and
acknowledges the human spirit as well as the marvelous and intricate physical body.

In previous chapters I introduced the concepts of materialism and reductionism, which function today as the firm limits, the self-imposed iron boundary, within which mainstream medicine confines itself.

In biology and medicine, materialism is the assumption and the doctrine that in human beings (and in all living organisms) matter is the source of all functions and phenomena, both of body and mind, the origin of everything that happens within us. According to the materialism which rules science and medicine, there can be nothing in the human being, no human energy, no thought, no feeling which is not generated by the molecules and cells of our body. In a 2005 feature story on the mind, in keeping with modern materialistic doctrine, National Geographic magazine proclaimed, “The mind is what the brain does.”

In accepting the authority of modern science and medicine, we tacitly agree to the proposition that the human mind and the human spirit are generated by our brain cells. If we apply materialism to human beings, then human consciousness, soul and spirit, along with all human values and ideals, can be nothing more than products of cell metabolism.

We have gotten ourselves into this dilemma because we have forgotten, or have failed to discern, that materialism and science are two different things.

In Chapter One I described materialism as an unproven and unprovable assumption about ourselves and our world, that matter is the foundation of the universe. Materialism is really a belief, but it is the belief which rules the world at the present time.

Science, on the other hand, is one of our highest and noblest human strivings: to know and to understand ourselves and the world. Science is based on careful, detailed observation and on logical, rational thinking. Science need not be based on, nor limited by materialism, in fact when its observations are pursued thoroughly and without bias, science tends to refute the limitations of materialism, as Bohm, Sheldrake (see Chapter One) and Selye (see Chapter Five) have done.

Materialism has usurped the noble calling of science today, and is the underlying reason why modern science and technology are criticized as being morally blind to human values, human welfare and human spirituality. I think that most educated human beings today, if asked the question, “Do you believe in the independent existence of the human spirit, or do you believe it is a product of our brain cells?” would respond with something like, “I really don’t know, but does it have to be either/or? Couldn’t both choices be true?”
In a May 27, 2008 book review in the Christian Science Monitor, author and researcher Donna Freitas stated, “Though many students at non-evangelical colleges profess an interest in ‘spirituality,’ most have no idea what to do about either spirituality or religion….They tend to hide their religious and spiritual longings deep inside themselves. Those calling themselves ‘spiritual but not religious’ frequently had difficulty defining spirituality.”

I believe the above examples reflect an important and characteristic fact of our present time, which I mentioned in Chapter One: that we are living in an uneasy gap between two paradigms.

The materialistic, scientific paradigm that has grown to dominate civilization since the Scientific Revolution beginning with Copernicus, Galileo and Newton, is now old but ingrained in our bones. This old paradigm clearly rules all aspects of modern life, but it has become more corrupt and toxic with age, a sign that it is sickening and slowly dying. The coming new spiritual paradigm is vague, unformed and yet unborn but its promptings and urgings in the sleeping depths of human souls are growing steadily stronger, and finding expression in many areas of life today, from cultural to political.

The stirrings of this new spiritual paradigm in human beings prompt many people today to say that they are spiritual but not religious, probably because they feel that religion is sectarian, outdated and too restrictive of their freedom, while spirituality seems something fresh and new, and more universal, that beckons toward the future.

That most such people are unable to clearly describe what they mean by “spiritual” is evidence of the as yet unformed nature of this new paradigm. It is also evidence of a definite danger: if our will is strongly seeking something that is as yet unclear in our thinking, then we can easily become misguided or vulnerable to false leaders. The abundance of self-proclaimed spiritual leaders today is another telling symptom of this present transition time between two paradigms in which we live.

One of the purposes of this book is to describe and to advocate for the best and most reliable spiritual leader available to us, and that is our own individual human spirit.

Our human spirit is that part of us which seeks freedom and which is the motivating, energizing force in free, rational thinking and in free will. In our determination to choose our own path in life, and in negotiating the obstacles on that path, our spirit is actively working. Our spirit grows stronger through learning from our mistakes, through developing reverence for all life and a healthy interest in the world around us, through attitudes of positivity, humility and loving compassion and, very importantly, through developing
the capacity to discern the true and the authentic from the false and counterfeit.

In the historical development of humanity the age of spiritual rulership by kings, queens, popes and gurus is over and we now live in an age of individual freedom, where each one of us is responsible for self-rule. Our spiritual leader lives within each of us, our human spirit within our heart, mind and body. The human spirit could also be called our “I,” our “I am” or “the God within.” When we speak the word “I” we mean our spirit. Our spirit is our eternal, essential being, it’s who we are truly, though in life our spirit is clothed and obscured by the many non-essentials to which we are prone to become attached. All of the worthy goals of life involve developing the strength and mastery of our spirit.

Many English translations of Steiner’s works use the Latin word Ego for the I or the spirit, but I prefer to avoid this term because of its Freudian baggage and its confusion with the human weaknesses of egoism, egotism, egomania, ego tripping etc. In developing our human spirit rightly we become more and more selfless, pursuing the ever greater good and aligning our personal sense of purpose and fulfillment with that pursuit.

In many traditions the human spirit lives in the inner light of intuition and thinking, and in the inner fire of love and selflessness in human beings.

In the following essay, first written in the year 2000, and revised and updated for this book, I attempt to describe some aspects of the spirit’s warmth in human beings and human life, especially as it relates to the health of our children.

**Tending the Flame: the Link between Education and Medicine in Childhood**

“People are social creatures, just try to remember we need human contact and warmth more than anything.”
- Colorado eighth-grader Kelly Ash, reflecting on the Columbine tragedy

“Education is to light a fire, not to fill a bucket.”
- Heraclitus

“A social issue is essentially an educational issue and this in turn is essentially a medical issue, but only if medicine is fertilized with spiritual knowledge.”
- Rudolf Steiner

“Fever is the purifying flame which renews the body.”
The Tragedy of Hospitalism

I once had a medical consultation with an 8 year-old Waldorf student who had been adopted by her American mother from a Rumanian orphanage. The mother recounted to me the intensely moving story of their first encounter. She entered a room full of children and her eyes rested on a tiny waif in a crib who looked to be about 8 months old, with no teeth and as yet unable to stand or talk. Their eyes met, the child laughed and in that moment the mother knew that “this was my child.” Then to her shock she learned that the child was over two years old! “I just took her home and loved her,” she told me, “and all her teeth started coming in and she began standing, walking and talking!”

What an amazing demonstration of the power of human caring, of human warmth and of the human spirit itself, I thought at the time. I’ve since learned more fully that this was by no means an isolated example.

In the early 1900’s in America, children in orphanages and hospitals died at a staggering rate of a mysterious condition that came to be called “hospitalism”:
“a listless wasting away despite adequate food, a weakening of muscles, loss of reflexes, and greatly increased risk of gastrointestinal and lung infections. For older children, it might take days or weeks for hospitalism to set in, but if they left the hospital they improved drastically within days.” (1)

The experts of the day could not understand why these children were dying in great numbers, but exposure to hospital germs was the prime suspect. So children were further isolated from human contact, and kept alone in disinfected hospital cubicles designed to be a barrier to germs---and their death rate grew still worse!

“Hospitalism lay at the intersection of two ideas popular at the time: a worship of sterile, aseptic conditions at all costs, and a belief among the pediatric establishment that touching, holding, and nurturing infants was sentimental maternal foolishness.” (2)

The lethal agent in hospitalism was no germ, but was simply the fact that, in addition to being isolated and treated coolly by the hospital staff, children were allowed parental visits for only two or three hours per week. It wasn't until 1942 that emotional deprivation and loneliness were acknowledged to be the true causes of hospitalism.

Isn’t it interesting (and tragic) how an idea which seems self-evident today, that infants and children need warm and loving human contact in
order to survive, grow and develop properly, took so long to be understood and accepted? But that is the usual way human knowledge advances.

As Schopenhauer observed,

“All truth goes through three stages. First it is ridiculed. Then it is violently opposed. Finally, it is accepted as self-evident.”

A Search for Solid Ground

The forgotten shameful story of hospitalism still has important lessons to teach. In the early 1900’s it was an article of faith for physicians that human consciousness and human emotions could have no influence whatsoever on the inner workings of the human physical body. How could they? They are only subjective and non-material. They exist only in the mind, quite apart from our physical body. Or so we imagined.

It is reassuring to find solid ground in our scientific seeking to understand the human being, and for the past 300 to 500 years that solid ground has been the human physical body. Medicine still operates on the assumption that the inner workings of the body are pretty much the same in everyone. When these workings run smoothly we have health, and when they malfunction we have illness. Medicine is based on this assumption and so is popular thinking about health. Illness is a problem of bodily malfunction on the physical level, end of story. In this respect, things haven’t changed much since the days of hospitalism.

Perhaps we no longer consider children’s need for human warmth and loving human contact to be sentimental foolishness, but we are still a long way from understanding the inner needs of children. Mainstream medicine and education are still based on the unproven and unjustifiable assumption, really a bias, that human feelings have little or nothing to do with the health of the physical body.

The Canary in the Coal Mine

Like the canary in the coal mine, today’s child is in distress. A look at the statistics confirms this. The crudest measure of children’s health is their death rate from all causes. In the 1950’s American children had one of the lowest death rates in the world. According to UNICEF statistics for 2006, there are now thirty-eight nations where children under five years old have a lower death rate than ours.
This under-five death rate, which UNICEF calls on their website “a critical indicator of the well-being of children,” shows that, compared with children in other developed nations, the well-being of U.S. children has been declining since the 1960’s. Now children under five years old in all of western Europe, as well as in Estonia, Hungary, Poland, Croatia and Cuba, have lower death rates than U.S. children.

What are American children dying from? In 1900 most of the deaths in our children were from inflammatory conditions like pneumonia, diarrhea, TB, measles, diphtheria, whooping cough and scarlet fever. Deaths from acute inflammatory contagious conditions declined in the 20th century with improvements in the standard of living, sanitation, and literacy in the U.S. and other developed nations. (3, 4, 5)

By the early 1950’s most of the above acute inflammatory conditions were less common and far less serious in American children.

Sulfa drugs, and vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus and whooping cough had been developed before WWII and were now starting to be put into more widespread use along with the new wonder drug, penicillin. Polio was the dreaded scourge of the 1940’s and 1950’s, which fairly soon declined with the advent of the Salk and then later the Sabin polio vaccines.

The 1950’s, the Eisenhower years, were a time of post-war optimism and prosperity, and also for American children a time of relative good health.

We had reached a balance point: the old acute scourges of pneumonia, typhoid, diphtheria, etc. had largely retreated and the new chronic scourges of allergies, asthma, diabetes, and cancer were still relatively rare in children.

Practically unknown in those early post-war years were the now common conditions of autism, learning disabilities, hyperactivity, and attention-deficit disorder. Also largely unknown was the modern tragedy of homicide, suicide and drug use in children.

A Great Shift in Health

There has been a dramatic shift: in all modern industrialized nations children no longer die from acute inflammations but instead they suffer from a variety of chronic conditions affecting their immune system (allergies, asthma, diabetes), their neurological system (autism, learning and developmental disabilities), and their behavioral and emotional stability (depression, suicide, violence and drug use).

It is reasonable to assume that there are a spectrum of causes which contribute to these conditions, in specific and non-specific ways, some
acknowledged and many as yet unknown or unacknowledged. One of the acknowledged non-specific causes which contributes to stress and distress in today’s children is the decline of stability in the American family. According to the 1994 Carnegie report on U.S. children, the percent of children under 3 years old living with one parent increased almost fourfold from 1960 to 1990, from 7% to 27%. There are also a number of possible specific causes just now being debated across the country, such as vaccine reactions as a cause of diabetes, autism and asthma; excessive antibiotic use as a cause of allergies and asthma; excessive T.V. and computer use as a cause of behavioral dysfunction in young children, and exposure to fluoride in water and to mercury and aluminum in vaccines as possible causes of neurological dysfunction.

My purpose in this chapter is not to debate specific causes, as valid as that debate may be, but to point to the overall trend and to characterize it in such a way as to shed light on the problems children are experiencing today. I’ve already sketched the overall trend in the U.S. and other developed nations since 1900, but a summary is needed:
1. Children are dying at a lower rate than ever before.
2. Illness and death from acute contagious inflammatory diseases occur at a lower rate in children than ever before. This fact alone is responsible for 1. above.
3. Children have more chronic conditions and more disabling conditions than ever before. The Medical Tribune of August 13, 1998 reported on a study that estimated 18% of U.S. children suffered a chronic health or behavioral problem which qualified them for special services supported by public programs. (6) That’s almost one in five children!

The July 5, 2002 Washington Post reported: “One of every dozen U.S. children and teenagers [ages 5-20] — 5.2 million — has a physical or mental disability, according to new figures from the 2000 census that reflect sharp growth in the nation’s young handicapped population over the past decade…[in which] special-education enrollment rose twice as fast as overall school enrollment.”
4. While certain social conditions like poverty, hygiene and sanitation have improved, others like family stability, child abuse, violence and drug use have worsened. (7)

A survey by the Public Health Policy Advisory Board found that of all the children 1 to 19 years old who died in 1995, 41% died from accidents or unintentional injuries, many of them alcohol or drug related, a shocking 14% died from homicide, 7% from suicide, 7% from cancer, 5% from birth defects and 1% from infections. (8)
Thus although the overall death rate of children has declined very dramatically in all developed nations since 1900, it bears repeating that U.S. children under five years old are still dying at a higher rate today than children in thirty-eight other countries, probably largely due to the worsening social conditions mentioned under 4. above.

In America in 1995, homicide was the 4th leading cause of death in children 1 to 9 years old, the 3rd leading cause in children 10 to 14 years old and the 2nd leading cause in adolescents 15 to 19 years old. (9) This is a tragic social problem in our country. The blue ribbon Public Health Policy Advisory Board concludes in its report under the heading, “A Call to Action,” “The most important threats to American children today lurk in the changing psychosocial fabric of American society, and in behavioral and cultural changes not readily amenable to definition by the biomedical models that empowered public health earlier in this century.” (10)

**A New Paradigm Needed**

The message is clear: a new way of thinking and new models are needed, not just applied to social problems but to education, health and medicine as well. Steiner’s prophetic 1920 lecture, “Health Care as a Social Issue” quoted at the beginning of this article, still speaks to this need. Steiner’s mission was to bring a much needed healing into human culture and social life. Essential to this was the renewal of contemporary medical science and education through the application of a new model of human biology and human psychology. Steiner’s model was simple in outline (though complex in the details), and was a renewal of ancient Western and Eastern wisdom, viz. the human being is composed of four concrete realities: spirit, consciousness (soul), life and body. Only the last, the physical body, is concrete in the material sense making it perceptible to our senses and to our scientific instruments. The other three elements of the human being: spirit, soul and life, are wholly invisible and non-material, but without them the wonderful human physical body would be nothing but a cold, lifeless corpse prone to deterioration and decay. Thus, spirit, soul and life are not abstract nor vague but are concrete realities graspable by the human mind and having definite functions and observable effects in the human physical body.

As soon as one begins to study the human being in light of this fourfold model of spirit, soul, life and body, some helpful answers to very basic questions start to emerge.

The question at the core of this chapter is “What is health, and why has it changed so dramatically in our children in the last hundred years?”
Based on Steiner’s fourfold model, we could answer this question as follows: health is the harmonious balance in the rhythmical workings of spirit, soul, life and body in us, a household in which our spirit should rule, and not another member of our being. Again a simple answer in outline, but very complex in the concrete details.

As to the important question, what is healthy childhood development, we would answer: it is the free and full unfolding of a child’s individual spirit in the course of time so that this active spirit is unhindered in growing to its full expression and full potential within the child’s soul, life and body.

When a child’s spirit waxes strong and becomes the master in its own house, then balance, harmony and health are the result, both in soul and in body. But our spirit has a co-worker, the human soul, as unpredictable as the wind!

Spirit and soul are linked in their activity like fire and air. When spirit rules, our inner flame burns steadily and quietly, suffusing our mind and our actions with its warmth and light. When soul rules, then we are prone to mood swings; from a mighty wind which fans an inferno, to a stifling calm which causes the inner flame of our spirit to choke and sputter.

**Fire and Ice, Blood and Nerve**

These polar opposite forces in the human being were called Yin and Yang in ancient Chinese wisdom, and Love and Hate in the ancient Greek philosophy of Empedocles. Steiner called them Sympathy and Antipathy, perceiving them, as the ancients did, as the bipolar primal energy working in the universe and expressing itself in forces of nature like heat and cold, or positive and negative electricity, but also expressing itself in the human being as the primal warm, effusive, expansive energy of our blood and the primal cool, focusing and condensing energy of our nerves, brain and sense organs. Robert Frost’s little gem of a poem “Fire and Ice” is a succinct poetic picture of these twin primal forces.

Some say the world will end in fire,
Some say in ice.
From what I’ve tasted of desire
I hold with those who favor fire.
But if it had to perish twice,
I think I know enough of hate
To say that for destruction ice
is also great
And would suffice.
It is the mastery and discernment of our spirit, working in every system and function of our physical body, which keeps harmony in its household between these mighty opposing powers, our inner Fire and our inner Ice, and our spirit transforms and heals their tendency to destructive excess. The unique composition of Yin/Yang (or Ice/Fire) imbalances that a child has in body and soul by inheritance or destiny will determine the particular illnesses to which that child will be susceptible.

As we saw in Chapter Three, illness too has a bipolar nature: on the hot side are the acute contagious inflammatory illnesses and on the cold side the chronic degenerative or sclerotic illnesses. These are the twin dangers we must navigate on our life’s journey, as between Scilla and Charybdis, between Fire and Ice.

A Great Reversal

Throughout recorded history the fiery acute inflammatory illnesses have always predominated as the chief causes of death because the human constitution always tended to the warm side, thus making us susceptible to inflammations. But in the brief course of the past 100 years the illness pattern of all previous recorded history has suddenly reversed itself, as we’ve seen. Now in all developed nations, the cold illnesses prevail: cancer, heart disease and stroke in adults; and asthma, allergies, cancer and neurological and emotional dysfunction in our children.

What is the deeper meaning of this sudden and profound reversal? From 1900 to the 1950’s the health and survival of children improved because the cooling and focusing effect of modern industrial and intellectual civilization made them less susceptible to the acute contagious hot inflammations which had claimed children’s lives throughout history. After a brief period of healthy balance during the 1950’s, children’s health has worsened since 1960, due to the further intensification of the same cooling and condensing forces which improved their health from 1900 to 1950! We were on the right track, but we overreached the healthy balance point, and the pendulum has rapidly swung to the opposite side. Through the effect on our children of our modern materialistic and technological culture, especially modern education and medicine, we’ve brought about a constitutional change in children that has made them more resistant to the life-threatening acute inflammations of the past, but also more vulnerable to the modern life-burdening chronic conditions at the opposite end of the illness spectrum.

Children are indeed the canaries in the coal mine. Their distress is crying to us to wake up to the health-weakening and spirit-dampening aspects of
modern life so that we will understand how to protect and nurture the
delicate growth and unfolding of their individual spirit. This spiritual
unfolding is nothing less than a child’s entire developmental process! What
we call brain development, neurological maturation and the like are the all-
important physical effects resulting from a healthy and balanced spiritual
development.

**Human Warmth**

In the forgotten story of hospitalism, we’ve seen the devastating effect on
children’s development that emotional deprivation, *a lack of human warmth*,
can have. But what is human warmth? Is it the 104° degree Fahrenheit
body temperature in our child which frightens us, or is it the caring interest
shown for us by a friend which consoles us, or is it the steady burn of
enthusiasm which energizes us to carry through an important project? It
doesn't take a lot of imagination to see that all three are human warmth.
Warmth is the bridge between mind and body, the unique element
interconnecting body, soul and spirit in us!

Like water for fishes, warmth for humans is the indispensable all-
pervading medium both within us and among us which supports and
nourishes our humanity at every level of its existence. Through warmth we*
connect*. We connect to our family, our friends, our teachers, our co-
workers, to all humanity, to animals, to plants, to the universe!

A growing child must find its inner ground, its center of warmth, and from
this solid ground it seeks to connect to other *sources of warmth*, in an ever-
widening circle around itself, from immediate family all the way to God.
But today’s child understandably has great difficulty finding its connection
to the world when that world is portrayed by modern science and education
as ultimately an arrangement of atoms and molecules devoid of any higher
meaning or purpose, and devoid of any human or spiritual warmth.

**Standing on Solid Ground**

This “failure to connect” which causes so much dysfunction and quiet
despair in our children, and all too often horrible violence, stems ultimately
from the fact that our culture and our society are missing the boat. The solid
ground referred to earlier, which we all need and seek, is not the cells and
molecules of our physical body, it is our *human warmth*. Technology has
enhanced many aspects of our lives, but no technology, whether a video
screen, loudspeaker, or a drug, or vaccination, can be a source of human
warmth---that’s why our children are growing inwardly colder.
Physicians can learn marvelous truths from patients, if we have the ears to hear them. Just recently a mother reported to me that her weary, uncomfortable 8 year-old child said to her around 2 a.m. during his third night of fever, it having just occurred to him, “Mom, you know what I need? I need some new ground to stand on.”

If modern education and medicine are to strengthen our essential humanness, then they must learn that this humanness, this solid ground, derives from the human spirit, not from the human body. As the ancients knew, the human spirit manifests in warmth, in fire: the fire of love, the fire of enthusiasm and, in the physical body, that most misunderstood and most feared of all fires-the fire of fever.

The Renewing Flame

Fever remodels and renews the physical body, making it a truer and more responsive instrument of the spirit. How often have mothers told me of their child’s developmental leap in emotional and neurological maturity after working through a fever that was not suppressed with antibiotics and anti-inflammatory drugs! And conversely, how often have I seen children whose inflammations were repeatedly suppressed with these drugs lose their spark and stagnate in their development.

One of the most effective ways to reverse the increasing cooling and densifying trend of our children’s souls and bodies, and of our own, is to realize the healing, enlightening, spirit-permeating power of feverish inflammatory illness. Seen truly, inflammation is never the real illness; it is always the attempt of our immune system to permeate our inner density, opacity and coldness with the spirit’s healing warmth and light. When this attempt is overzealous and threatens our life or functional capacity, then we can be very grateful that modern medicine has empowered us with the tools and techniques to suppress and control inflammation. But we must use that power with discretion! To suppress all inflammation indiscriminately, out of fear and misunderstanding, with antibiotics, vaccinations and anti-inflammatory drugs contributes enormously to just this condition of spirit-rejecting density of body and soul I’ve been describing (and lamenting) in this chapter. Health is balance after all, thus we must learn to avoid overreaching that balance with our fear-based and overzealous efforts to conquer illness.

The surging consumer interest in Waldorf education and in complementary-alternative medicine in our country is a sign that our paradigm in education and in medicine is shifting.
To Heal, Not Suppress

What is most urgently needed is a widespread awareness of the critical difference between *healing* illness and *suppressing* it. Healing empowers our spirit; suppression cools down the spirit’s activity in the body. *Repeated suppression may hinder the capacity of our human spirit to express itself in us, and may transform our acute illnesses into chronic ones.* The spirit renews as well as destroys, and now that we have the power in our technology to block even the spirit’s power, we must acquire the discernment to use that power wisely, or else cause our children and ourselves great suffering.

The task of healing ourselves, our children and the Earth is one and the same. To accomplish this will require a revolution in all aspects of modern science, and especially in agriculture, medicine, psychology, education and parenting. It will require great discernment, courage and good will. It will require of us nothing less than a practical, down-to-earth embodying of the spirit’s fiery, renewing power.

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9 *see reference 8.*
10 *see reference 8.*